The EU Legislative Framework on Light Vehicles and CO₂ Progress and Options

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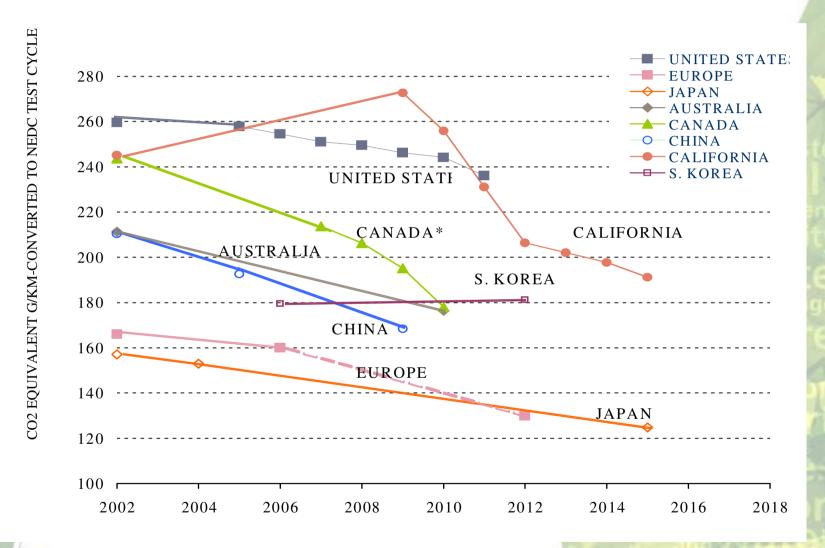
Waterfront Conference
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A Brief History

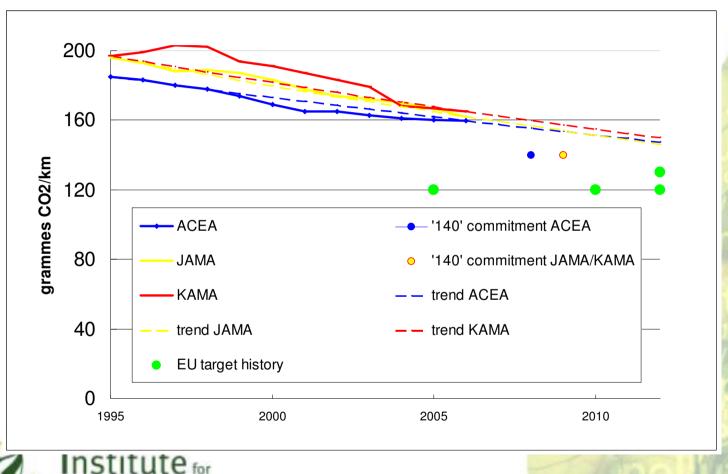
- 1990s: EU exhaust emissions regulation in progress, but car fuel economy not improving
- 1993: EU ratifies Framework Convention on Climate Change
- 1995: Commission publishes passenger car CO₂ strategy
 - target 120g/km by 2005 (or 2010 at latest)
- 1997: Carmakers threatened with legislation
- 1998/9: Voluntary Agreements with manufacturers' associations
- 2000: Monitoring Mechanism (1753/2000) established
- **2001:** CO₂ Labelling required (1999/94)
- **2005/6:** Review of Passenger Car CO₂ Strategy
- 2007: Legislation announced

The Global Context





Progress has been made under VA but...





Revised strategy on CO₂ from passenger cars and light commercial vehicles 2007

Overall objective: 120 g/km CO₂ by 2012

Instrument: legislative framework

Specific targets:

Average new car fleet of 130 g/km CO₂
Additional 10 g/km by other technological improvements:

- Efficiency requirements for air-conditioning systems
- Tyre pressure monitoring systems
- Low rolling resistance tyres
- · Gear shift indicators
- Mandatory fuel efficiency targets for light-commercial vehicles
- increased use of biofuels

Review in 2010 to explore longer term objectives and different approaches beyond 2012

Principles for future legislation

Targets and the implementing measures must be:

- Technologically neutral
- Competitively neutral
- Socially equitable and sustainable
- Equitable to the diversity of the European automobile manufacturers
- Avoid unjustified distortion of competition between manufacturers

Targets and Instruments (1)

Flexible

Analysis has addressed 3 types of TARGET

• a **percentage reduction** from a reference year

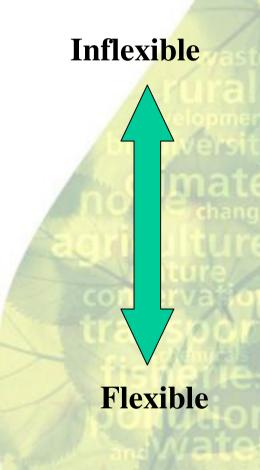
 a sloped target curve linked to utility criteria (see below)

a fixed emissions target to be met by Inflexible all (ie 130g/km)

Targets and Instruments (2)

... and at 3 types of INSTRUMENT:

- Emission reduction requirements for individual vehicles
- a manufacturer bubble ie manufacturer as a whole can meet the target on average
- a trading scheme between manufacturers



Main Target/Instrument Combinations

Car-based

- Each car to meet 130g/km
- Each car to meet segment or utility-based limit

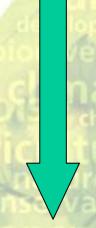
Manufacturer-based

- Each mfr to meet 130g/km
- Each mfr to meet x% reduction from year yyyy
- Each mfr to meet own utility-based target

Fleet-based

As for manufacturer-based, but with trading

Inflexible



Flexible



Limits and Targets

Limit values

- Set an upper limit above which models are excluded
- **Pros** easy to understand and operate
- Cons inflexible; can have drastic effects; sensitive

Target values

- Set an average value for a fleet
- Pros more flexible and 'fair'
- Cons harder to understand or operate
- And needs averaging mechanism



Classes and Utility Functions

- These are useful to classify vehicles or normalise emissions
- They allow us to recognise that 'big' vehicles tend to emit more CO₂ than 'small' ones

Market Segments

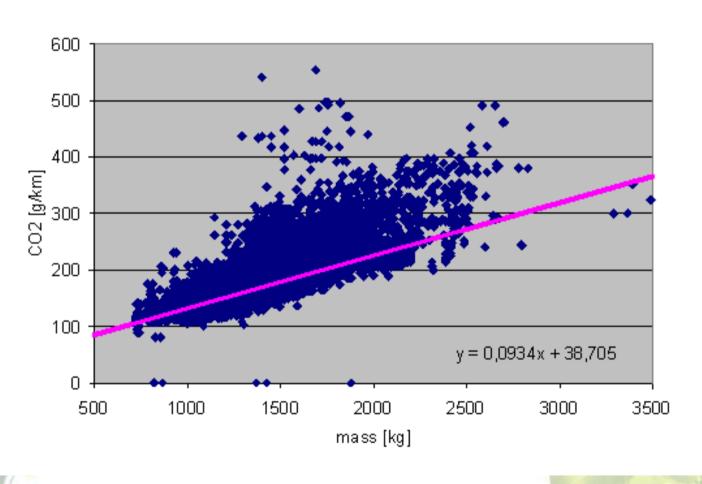
- Pros available and easy to understand
- Cons probably unworkable!

Utility Functions

- Pros much greater flexibility
- Cons harder to understand, no ideal metric available, possibility of perverse effects

Applying a Utility Function

2006 CO2 vs mass



Legal and Institutional Matters

- Who should be main Obligated Entities?
 - Manufacturers' associations?
 - Manufacturer groups?
 - Dealers or importers?
 - Member States?
- Should system operate at MS or Community level?
 - Commission stated preference for EU-level scheme
 - ... though most legislation works through Member States
- What Sanctions to apply?
 - Exclude from market?
 - Fines?
 - Enforced trading between mfrs?
- Definitions
 - What constitutes equal treatment?
 - How can we reflect past efforts?
 - How to reflect diverse positions of mfrs in market?

Cars and CO₂ – Next Steps

Public consultation completed in May/June 2007

Impact assessment nearing completion

Legislative framework

- proposed by the Commission probably in 2007, at latest by mid-2008
- NB this should cover all the legislative components

Legislation enacted in 2009?

Review of the strategy in 2010

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